

South Dakota Needs Health Care Reform

South Dakota citizens are losing health care every day. In South Dakota, 30 people are losing their health care every day during this economic crisis. Nationally, 14,000 people are losing their health insurance every day. [Center for American Progress Action Fund, 3/5/09] South Dakota has seen a 9 percent increase in the number of uninsured since 2007. [Center for American Progress, 5/4/09] Our broken health care system is hurting the South Dakota economy. The South Dakota economy loses between \$0.24 billion and \$0.48 billion every year due to lost productivity stemming from the uninsured. And we are losing between \$124 billion and \$248 billion nationwide every year. [Center for American Progress, 5/29/09] The average family premium in South Dakota costs \$1,100 more because our broken health care system fails to cover everyone. Nationally, the average family premium costs \$1,100 more. [Center for American Progress, 3/24/09] South Dakota consumers have little choice in health care. Wellmark Blue Cross and Blue Shield of South Dakota, the state's dominant health insurer, holds 61 percent of the state market. Together with Dakotacare, they control 71 percent of the market. [HCAN, State Reports: Lack of Competition in Health Insurance Market.]

Dr. Willis Sutliff of Rapid City, SD says, "In the current system, what frustrates me the most is lack of coverage for every citizen of the US. High overhead from HMOs and Insurance Companies. HMOs and Insurance Co. telling me how to practice. I want health reform that covers everyone and keeps private physicians." [Doctors for America, Voices of Physicians, http://www.voicesofphysicians.org/]

South Dakota doctors support health care reform.

Reforming our health care system is key to economic recovery.

Half of all people filing for home foreclosure nationwide in 2008 cited medical problems as a cause. [Christopher T. Robertson, Richard Egelhof, and Michael Hoke, "Get Sick, Get Out: The Medical Causes of Home Foreclosures," *Health Matrix* 18 (2008): 65-105.]

Health care costs for small businesses have grown by 30 percent since 2000, and our manufacturers spend more per hour on health care than manufacturers in Canada, Japan, and the United Kingdom combined. [RAND, "Economic Burden of Health Insurance Increasing for Small Employers Providing Health Insurance," 4/4/08]

Health system modernization can <u>save \$600 billion over 10 years</u>. [Center for American Progress Action Fund, 5/11/09]

The Coburn-Burr alternative unravels the employer-based system and keeps insurance companies in charge.

The Coburn-Burr plan does not provide sufficient protection for patients against abusive insurance company practices such as denying coverage to people with pre-existing conditions.

Insurance companies today use the flimsiest reasons to deny people coverage. For example, a <u>woman in Los Angeles was denied coverage for her breast cancer because</u> <u>she failed to disclose that she had visited a dermatologist</u>.

Under the Coburn plan, insurance companies could continue this practice—called "rescission"—which "has <u>left thousands of Americans burdened with costly medical bills despite paying insurance premiums</u>," according to the *Los Angeles Times*.

The Coburn-Burr plan would also unravel the employer-based system and replace it with an insufficient tax credit that doesn't even cover half of the average family's medical costs.

The \$5,700 per-family tax subsidy proposed in the Coburn plan is less than half of the \$12,680 that the average American family paid for health care in 2008.